

PRESIDENT FACES TROUBLOUS MOOD AMONG LEADERS

May Result in Little Legislation Being Put Through.

RATES CAUSE TROUBLE

Many Believe Roosevelt Cannot Secure Desired Law.

With the return of the President to Washington and the consequent coming of Senators and Representatives to see him, it has been possible to gain a clearer idea of the prospects for the coming long session of Congress.

These prospects are not flattering for much legislation of importance. They portend, however, vigorous resistance to some of the legislation which the Executive will press.

If things do not come to an open clash between the controlling element in the Senate and a large element in the House and the President, some careful manipulation and mutual concessions will have to come about.

This is particularly true on the matter of rate legislation. In the light of the past week's developments, it seems extremely doubtful whether the President will be able to force through Congress the program he will insist upon.

Does Not Weaken.

In his conference with Representative Townsend and others, the President made it plain he did not intend to weaken on the rate question, but would speak clearly in his message for the same vigorous legislation he has all along advocated.

On the other hand, there have come from powerful members in House and Senate unmistakable notes of opposition to such a program, and it is clear this opposition is going to be strong, well organized, well directed, and that it is not going to be stamped by any fear of a contest with the White House.

Such men as Dalcill in the House and such leaders as Foraker and Elkins in the Senate are not going to yield on the rate question, and if a measure proposing to give the Interstate Commerce Commission power to fix rates that shall be effective when ordered substituted for unenforceable rates is fought for by the President, as it now seems it will be, there will result a contest that is likely to sidetrack most of the other important legislation that will be sought at the long session.

May Be Leading Hope.

There is a strong belief here that, while the President is determined to keep up the contest for rate legislation of the sort he has been advocating for months, he has little hope of getting Congress to accede. This feeling has been prevalent since the extra session idea was abandoned.

In the end, a compromise may be forced, but it is doubtful whether it will be to the point of giving the Interstate Commerce Commission power to revise rates. Indeed, from the railroad standpoint, a measure that went so far as that would not be a compromise and in the eyes of the West in particular, any measure that stops short of giving the commission such power, will be a defeat.

Foraker as Opponent.

Foraker's pronounced attitude on the rate question indicates that he will be the most active leader in the Senate against the President's rate program, it is known Foraker is confident there will be no radical legislation.

Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire, a man of conservative judgment, said a day or two ago after a long talk with the President that he did not believe Congress would give the commission power to fix rates.

This is the tone of the utterances of Dalcill who is light rains over the remaining portions of the Gulf States, as well as in the Dakotas, Nebraska, and the extreme Northwest. In the East the weather remained clear.

Comparatively low temperatures prevail over the Western half of the country, which is covered by an area of marked high pressure. Over the eastern half of the country it is somewhat warmer.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The West Indian storm is passing up the Atlantic, and is apparently central this morning a short distance north of the Island of Bermuda. The Gulf of Mexico storm of which the first indications were noted Sunday morning, is now near Louisiana coast, where it has caused heavy rains and some high easterly winds. There were also quite general, though light rains over the remaining portions of the Gulf States, as well as in the Dakotas, Nebraska, and the extreme Northwest. In the East the weather remained clear.

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TEMPERATURE.

2 a. m. 52°

5 p. m. 52°

1 p. m. 52°

THE SUN.

Sun sets today 5:31

Sun rises tomorrow 6:04

TIDE TABLE.

High tide today 5:27 p. m.

Low tide today 11:55 a. m.

High tide tomorrow 5:51 a. m.

Low tide tomorrow 12:21 p. m.

PROMINENT MEMBERS OF THE LOCAL RECEPTION COMMITTEE TO GREET VISITING BANKERS



COL. R. N. HARPER.

W. V. COX.

WILLIAM B. HIBBS.

M. E. AILES.

BENT ON SUICIDE, HE FLOORS WIFE

Rushes Across Her Prostrate Form.

ENDS PLEADING WITH SHOT

Physicians Believe Thomas J. Burrell, Pension Office Clerk, Will Recover From Wound.

Wresting himself from the grasp of his wife, who had struggled with him in attempt to frustrate his purpose, Thomas J. Burrell, a clerk in the Pension Office, sixty-three years old, attempted to end his life about 9:15 o'clock this morning by shooting himself in the left breast near the heart in the bedroom of his home, 501 Fifth street southeast.

The small .22-caliber bullet is not believed to have struck the heart or any other vital organ, and Drs. Repetti and Young, who are attending the despondent civil war veteran, do not think he is in any immediate danger.

Stunned His Wife.

Burrell is at his home, as he made strenuous verbal and physical resistance against being taken to any hospital. Burrell made the attempt upon his life after a desperate struggle with his wife in the dining room of their home, and only succeeded in firing the bullet into his breast by throwing Mrs. Burrell to the floor and running upstairs while she was lying stunned on the carpet.

Rushing into his room, he partly undressed himself, and then pressed the muzzle of the revolver close to his undershirt, pulled the trigger.

For many years Burrell suffered from Bright's disease, and has been in exceptionally poor health during the last two weeks. He was compelled to remain away from the Pension Office several days.

While at home with his wife he was always in low spirits, and paced the floor almost constantly with his hands on his back, and muttering, "I cannot stand this much longer. I must have relief even if death is the only thing that will bring it."

She Choked Him.

Mrs. Burrell tried to talk him out of the suicidal notion, and when his mind was taken off his seemingly unbearable suffering, he became talkative and as cheerful as ever.

After being away from office for three days, Mr. Burrell told his wife last night that he intended making a supreme effort to report for work this morning, and if his health would not permit it, he would do so tomorrow.

The two struggled for ten or fifteen minutes, in which time Mrs. Burrell was thrown to the floor several times, but as her husband attempted to step over her and run to the door, she clutched at his ankles, and in this way pulled herself to a standing posture.

Exhausted from having been floored three or four times, Mrs. Burrell remained lying the last time her husband knocked her down.

Later she rushed to her husband's room. There she again hurled herself at him, and after a struggle with him for some time, begged him not to shoot himself.

With a terrific blow on the chest, Burrell again floored his wife, and as she lay on the floor at his feet, he removed his coat, vest and trousers, and then fired the bullet into his breast. He fell upon the bed.

Struggled Fiercely.

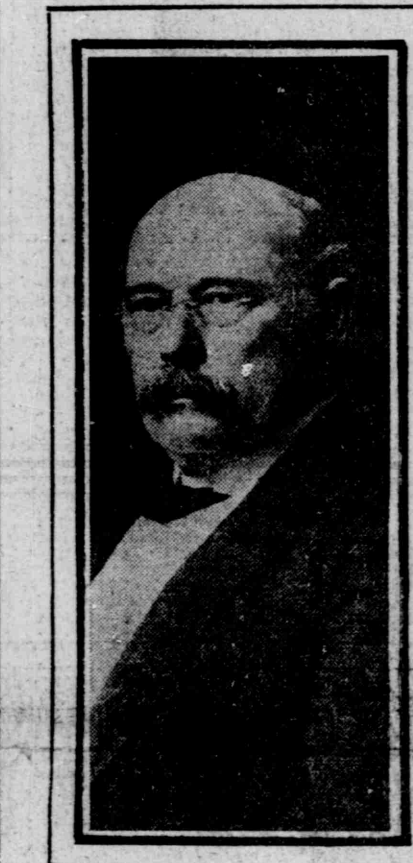
As he took a revolver and put it in his pocket, Mrs. Burrell threw her arms around her husband, held his hands close to his side and tried to get the weapon out of his pockets.

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GIRL SUPPORTS MOTHER.

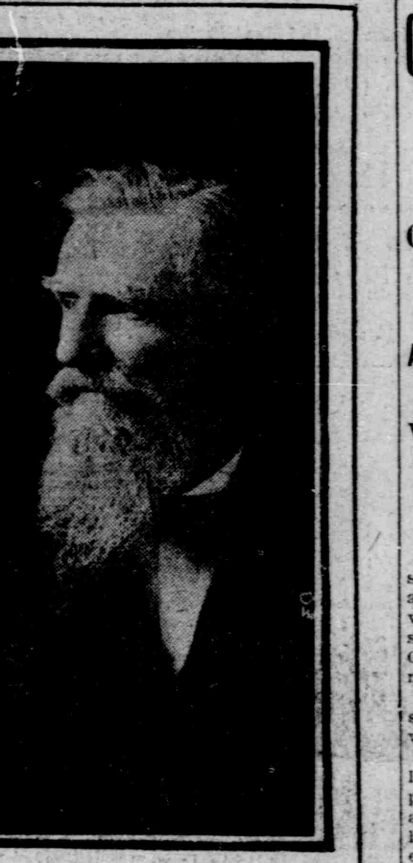
BERMUDI, Minn., Oct. 9.—Miss Carrie Olsen, who was born legless, has earned enough money by sewing in the last few years to support herself and mother and buy a farm. When she took out naturalization papers and recorded the deed to her farm, the court officers presented a purse of money to her.



JOHN JOY EDSON.



C. C. GLOVER.



GEORGE C. HENNING.

GERMANY HUNGRY FROM BAN ON MEAT

Native Supply Insufficient and Prices Soar.

POOR CLAMOR FOR RELIEF

Likely That Prohibition of Importation of American Beef Will Be Repealed by Reichstag.

So stringent has the German law in regard to the inspection and prohibition of imported meats of domestic animals become that a grave situation has developed in that country. Scores of petitions are being forwarded to the German government insisting upon some modification of the exactions.

The condition of affairs will have considerable effect on the pending tariff negotiations between this country and Germany. There is a probability that after the meeting of the Reichstag at the coming session, the law, which largely prohibits the importation of animals and meat supplies from the United States, will be repealed.

Consul General Mason has gone over the situation, and reported to the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Butchers Abandon Business.

The home market has failed to supply the meat demanded by the trade. Prices have soared until the poor have driven dealers to put up signs that the high prices are not due to their own rapacity, but are caused by the meat inspection law.

In Frankfurt-on-Main, alone, thirty-three meat stores have had their trade and meat supplies from the United States, will be repealed.

Consul General Mason has gone over the situation, and reported to the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Condition Calamity.

At a national meeting of butchers and meat dealers a protest was drawn up, reciting that the qualities of such meat producing animals on the market are inferior, and steadily growing worse and the price of meat so high as to constitute a public calamity.

The remedy demanded is the "opening of the frontier." All say the epidemic among the Austrian and Russian animals has disappeared, and there is no longer an excuse for the law. Others want the restrictions against American meat and animals removed.

Want to Exchange Something?

Try a want ad. in the "For Exchange" column of The Times and make your trade.

Foil Plot to Exterminate Roumanian Royal Family

Police Arrest Conspirators Who Planned to Dynamite Train on Which Were Traveling King Charles, His Queen, and Children.

BERLIN, Oct. 9.—Advises received here today state that a conspiracy has been discovered to assassinate King Charles of Roumania, who belongs to another branch of the Hohenzollern family, and the members of his immediate family.

The Roumanian police received information from Paris, Rome, and Vienna simultaneously that four anarchists, two Italians and two Frenchmen, were preparing to carry out a scheme to blow up the royal train while it was proceeding from Bucharest, capital of Roumania, to the frontier.

The conspiracy had for its purpose the destruction of King Charles, Queen Elizabeth, the crown prince and crown princess and their children, Prince Charles, Princess Elizabeth, and Princess Marie.

Reign of Dynamiting Threatens All Russia

Revolutionary Spirit Rife Over Empire—Workmen, Infuriated by Cruelty of Cossacks, Preparing to Resist.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 9.—There is every reason to fear a repetition on a large scale of the fighting between the police and the Cossacks on one side and the mobs of strikers on the other, at Moscow.

The action of the Cossacks in beating to death a number of children and women, whom they had captured, by making them run the gantlet, has so infuriated the working classes that it is possible that there will be an entire cessation of work in all the industries of the old capital. Even the women may join in an attack on the police and the soldiers.

In State of Siege.

It is impossible to give anything like an accurate estimate of the number of those killed and wounded in yesterday's outbreak, but there is no doubt that it will run into the hundreds. The city today is in a state of siege. With a heavy patrol covering all the main streets and the workmen's quarters in an endeavor to prevent gatherings of any considerable crowd.

Up to this writing, today, they have been successful; but it is known that the revolutionary element in Moscow is well supplied with bombs, and will not hesitate to use them.

A large number of arrests have been made, but it is doubtful if the police have succeeded in capturing any of the leaders of the revolutionary movement. There are signs that an era of dynamite is at hand in other sections of the empire.

Hurl Infernal Machines.

At Tiflis there has been a serious outbreak, the revolutionists hurling infernal machines at the Cossacks with deadly effect, and the troops replying with rifle and machine gun fire, inflicting heavy losses on the rioters.

WEALTHY MAN SHOTS HIMSELF.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 9.—Lea Locky, one of the wealthiest men in Charleston, who had been ill, dressed for breakfast this morning, and telling his wife that he would "be down in a minute," stepped into a bath room and sent a bullet into his brain.

CALHOUN RETURNS FROM VENEZUELA

Comes to Washington Today From New York.

ASPHALT TROUBLE CLEARING

Venezuelan Crew for Man-of-War Roncador, Formerly Gould's Yacht, Also Arrives.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Among the passengers who arrived today on the Caracas from La Guayra and other ports, were W. J. Calhoun, United States special commissioner to Venezuela, Mrs. Calhoun, and F. L. Joannini, the commissioner's secretary.

Mr. Calhoun would not make any statement concerning his mission. He will go to Washington today.

Another passenger was R. K. Wright, leading legal representative of the Asphalt trust. Mr. Wright said that the affairs of the company were in the hands of the Government, and that everything was quiet. He said a settlement would be arrived at when the commissioner's report was acted on.

The Caracas also brought a Venezuelan crew of eight officers and sixteen men for the man-of-war Roncador, formerly George Gould's yacht, which is at Cramp's shipyard, Philadelphia, overhauling. The crew will take the Roncador home.

Other passengers were J. S. Elliott, secretary of the Interior, of Porto Rico, and Lieut. W. H. Armstrong, of the Porto Rican infantry.

HUGHES DECLINES MAYOR NOMINATION

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Charles E. Hughes, the council for the insurance investigation committee, who was nominated for mayor at the Republican city convention a few days ago, formally declined that nomination at noon today.

SAY DRUGS BY MAIL RUIN WOMEN'S HEALTH

Wholesale Dealers Allege Ruralties Are Imposed on by Firms Who Send Out Lurid Announcements.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—"Every year the health of thousands of young women in rural districts is ruined or impaired for life by drugs which they receive by mail from firms that send out vicious and dangerous medicines through the medium of attractive advertising."

This statement was made before the convention of the National Wholesale Druggists' Association by John C. Gallagher, of Jersey City. He urged the wholesalers to decline to sell drugs to such firms.

The board of control reported to the convention in favor of a national pure food law, with proper limitations, and a resolution to that effect was passed. The report of the board of control relating to transportation gave rise to a spirited discussion, owing to the fact that no definite action or recommendation was incorporated in the report. Mr. Kline, of Philadelphia, said:

"We are neither on the side of the shippers nor on the side of the transportation companies. We ought to go on record in this matter as a body. President Roosevelt needs all the support he can get from all the commercial bodies in the country."

SON SHOTS SISTER OVER MOTHER'S COFFIN

HASTINGS, Neb., Oct. 9.—Over the dead body of his mother John Budenek shot his sister, his brother, and his brother-in-law yesterday. The latter two are in a dying condition.

The shooting was a culmination of a family quarrel that has extended for years.

Budenek was immediately arrested.

MEN WHO MANAGE NATION'S MONEY COME TO CONFER

Those in Town Represent Billions of Dollars.

GET TO WORK TOMORROW

Three Thousand American Bankers to Discuss Country's Finances.

With a membership of over 7,000, representing banking institutions in country hamlets, county seats, small manufacturing and commercial towns, and in great industrial and trade centers, the American Bankers' Association meets here this week to hold the thirty-first annual convention since its organization. Three thousand members will be present when the convention is called to order at the National Theater Wednesday morning.

The tremendous resources represented by these financiers may be suggested by the estimate of the secretary, that their aggregated capital, surplus, and deposits amount to \$11,460,875,520.

Delegates Registering.

The headquarters of the secretary, James K. Branch of New York, were opened on the tenth floor of the New Willard at 10 o'clock this morning, and at noon the secretary and his corps of assistants began the registration of delegates and visitors.

A special registration office for the members of the savings bank section of the association has been established on the mezzanine floor of the New Willard, while the trust company section has made like preparations on the same floor with the general offices.

Mr. Branch is greatly pleased with the arrangements that have been made by the local committees for the reception and entertainment of the association's members and guests.

Hotels Full.

The principal hotels of the city are full of bankers, rooms having been reserved for weeks.

Local bankers and many other residents are entertaining guests in their homes. Incoming trains, yesterday and today, unloaded nearly two thousand bankers and their wives and daughters.

Having come from Chicago to Norfolk, Va., in a special train of sumptuous equipment, the Windy City contingent is due here this evening on a Norfolk and Washington steamboat, which they have practically chartered. Most of them will put up at the New Willard, where the headquarters of the officers and of the various sections of the convention are located.

Leading Men to Talk.

Several important addresses will be made before the bankers. Secretary Shaw will make two speeches, one at the banquet Tuesday evening and another before the convention Friday. Frank A. Vanderlip, formerly Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, now vice president of the National City Bank, of New York, the Rockefeller institution, will read a paper Wednesday. Comptroller of the Currency William B. Kilduff will describe the situation of the country.

Robert Blyth, general manager of the Union Bank of Scotland, limited, of Glasgow, will describe the methods of banking in use in his country.

Will Have Good Time.

After the banquet Tuesday evening, the bankers will find the next two days pretty full of social activities. Wednesday afternoon President Roosevelt will receive the members. In the evening, there will be a reception at the Corcoran Art Gallery, and Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Shaw, will include an excursion down the Potomac, and an exhibit of cavalry and artillery drill at Fort Myer, the evening being filled with theater parties. Friday the river excursion and exhibition drill will be repeated. In the evening the District of Columbia Bankers' Association will tender a visit to a formal reception at the New Willard.

Among the interesting features of the week will be the menu cards and souvenirs at the banquet. The menu will be printed on facsimiles of the approved type of gold bond, thirty coupons bearing the details of the courses. The souvenir will be a handsomely engraved coupon clipper.

Fine Souvenir Out.

The local committee has published an extensive souvenir book, comprising a guide to the attractions of Washington, and a series of papers by Government authorities on banking. Among the contributors are Secretary Shaw, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Horace A. Taylor, Assistant Secretary Charles H. Keap, Commissioner of Internal Revenue Yorkes, Comptroller of the Currency Ridgely, Director of the Mint George E. Holt, William M. Meredith, Director of the Bureau of Printing and Engraving, and others.

Few crooks will linger in Washington this week. The association is probably the most relentless organization in the world in its pursuit of criminals engaged in forgery, bad checks, and bank robberies.